1. **Purpose**

1.1 To provide Members of the Select Committee with an overview of the work programme for 2018-19 and to advise the Committee about the process for agreeing the 2019-20 work programme.

2. **Summary**

2.1 At the beginning of the municipal year each select committee is required to draw up a work programme for submission to the Overview and Scrutiny Business Panel. The Panel considers the suggested work programmes and coordinates activities between select committees in order to maximise the use of scrutiny resources and avoid duplication.

2.2 The meeting on 12 March is the last scheduled meeting of the Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee in the 2018-19 municipal year. The Committee’s completed work programme is attached at appendix B; it lists the issues considered in 2018-19. The Committee is being asked to put forward suggestions for the 2019-20 work programme.

3. **Recommendations**

3.1 The Select Committee is asked to:

   - consider the prioritisation process and prioritise themes for the 2019/20 work programme.
   - note the Committee’s Terms of Reference at appendix A;
   - note the completed work programme attached at appendix B;
   - review the issues covered in 2018-19 municipal year;
   - take note of the notice of key decisions attached at appendix C;
   - consider any matters arising that it may wish to suggest for future scrutiny.

4. **Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee 2018-2019**

4.1 The Committee had six meetings in the 2018-19 municipal year. The completed work programme is attached at appendix B. The Committee undertook an in-depth review into Stop and Search and Prevent policies and the effect on community relations. This formed a large part of the Committee’s workload over the year.
5. **Priorisation and planning for 2019-20**

5.1 Eight meetings will be scheduled for 2019-20 municipal year. A work programme report will be put forward at the first Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee meeting of the 2019-20 year for members to discuss and agree. The report will take account of the Committee’s previous work and may incorporate:

- The scrutiny prioritisations process and potential key themes and priorities for 2019/20
- issues arising as a result of previous scrutiny;
- issues that the Committee is required to consider by virtue of its terms of reference;
- items requiring follow up from Committee reviews and recommendations;
- issues suggested by members of the public;
- petitions;
- standard reviews of policy implementation or performance;
- suggestions from officers;
- relevant decisions due to be made by Mayor and Cabinet.

5.5 When deciding on items to include in the work programme, the Committee should have regard to:

- the criteria for selecting and prioritising topics;
- the Committee’s terms of reference;
- the capacity for additional items in terms of the Committee’s time and resources;
- the context for setting the work programme and advice from officers;

**Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee terms of reference**

5.6 The Committee’s terms of reference are included at [appendix A](#).

5.7 The Committee’s areas of responsibility, include, but are not limited to:

- Equalities
- Community safety and anti-social behaviour
- The community and voluntary sector
- Local assemblies
- Libraries

5.8 The Committee also has the responsibility for carrying out the statutory crime and disorder scrutiny function. The constitution sets out that this enables the committee to call before it members of the Safer Lewisham Partnership to explain decisions made or actions taken in the delivery of their crime and disorder functions.
The flow chart below, based on the model from the Centre for Public Scrutiny (CfPS) is designed to help Members decide which items should be added to the work programme.
5.9 The remit of the Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee is broad and for the Committee to ensure its work programme is as tailored and focussed as possible delivering robust scrutiny, it is important to ensure items are prioritised and key outcomes identified. It is likely that due to the volume of work, the Committee will have to make difficult decisions considering where it can most add value and influence and which items are of most importance to the Council and Lewisham residents. Particular care needs to be taken regarding the potential for duplicating work by other committees and boards.

5.9 As well as using the prioritisation process above, the Committee may wish to highlight key themes which they believe to be of strategic importance for the Committee for 2019/20. These can then be used by the Committee to help determine whether items should be added to the work programme.

6. Different types of scrutiny

6.1 It is important to agree how each work programme item will be scrutinised. Some items may only require an information report to be presented to the Committee and others will require performance monitoring data or analysis to be presented. Typically, the majority of items take the form of single meeting items, where members:

(a) agree what information and analysis they wish to receive in order to achieve their desired outcomes;
(b) receive a report presenting that information and analysis;
(c) ask questions of the presenting officer or guest;
(d) agree, following discussion of the report, whether the Committee will make recommendations or receive further information or analysis before summarising its views.

6.2 For each item, the Committee should consider what type of scrutiny is required and whether the item is high or medium/low priority (using the prioritisation process). Allocating priority to work programme items will enable the Committee to decide which low and medium priority items it should remove from its work programme, when it decides to add high priority issues in the course of the year.

In-depth review

6.3 Some items might be suitable for an in-depth review, where the item is scrutinised over a series of meetings. Normally this takes at least four meetings to complete:

- Meeting 1: Scoping paper (planning the review)
- Meetings 2 & 3: Evidence sessions
- Meeting 4: Agreeing a report and recommendations

6.4 If the Committee wants to designate one of its work programme items as an in-depth review, this should be done at the first meeting of the municipal year to allow sufficient time to carry out the review. A scoping paper for the review will then be prepared before the summer recess.
7. **Financial implications**

There are no financial implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

8. **Legal implications**

In accordance with the Council’s Constitution, all scrutiny select committees must devise and submit a work programme to the Business Panel at the start of each municipal year.

9. **Equalities implications**

9.1 The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) introduced a public sector equality duty (the equality duty or the duty). It covers the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

9.2 In summary, the Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
   - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
   - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
   - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

9.3 It is not an absolute requirement to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation or other prohibited conduct, or to promote equality of opportunity or foster good relations between persons who share a protected characteristic and those who do not. It is a duty to have due regard to the need to achieve the goals listed at 12.2 above.

9.4 The weight to be attached to the duty will be dependent on the nature of the decision and the circumstances in which it is made. This is a matter for the Mayor, bearing in mind the issues of relevance and proportionality. The Mayor must understand the impact or likely impact of the decision on those with protected characteristics who are potentially affected by the decision. The extent of the duty will necessarily vary from case to case and due regard is such regard as is appropriate in all the circumstances.

9.5 The Equality and Human Rights Commission has issued Technical Guidance on the Public Sector Equality Duty and statutory guidance entitled “Equality Act 2010 Services, Public Functions & Associations Statutory Code of Practice”. The Council must have regard to the statutory code in so far as it relates to the duty and attention is drawn to Chapter 11 which deals particularly with the equality duty. The Technical Guidance also covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty. This includes steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The guidance does not have statutory force but nonetheless regard should be had to it, as failure to do so without compelling reason would be of evidential value. The statutory code and the technical guidance can be found at: [https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/equality-act-codes-practice](https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/equality-act-codes-practice)
9.6 The Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) has previously issued five guides for public authorities in England giving advice on the equality duty:
- The essential guide to the public sector equality duty
- Meeting the equality duty in policy and decision-making
- Engagement and the equality duty: A guide for public authorities
- Objectives and the equality duty. A guide for public authorities

9.7 The essential guide provides an overview of the equality duty requirements including the general equality duty, the specific duties and who they apply to. It covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty including steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The other four documents provide more detailed guidance on key areas and advice on good practice. Further information and resources are available at: https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/public-sector-equality-duty-guidance#h1

Background documents

Lewisham Council’s Constitution

Centre for Public Scrutiny: the Good Scrutiny Guide
Appendix A
Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee

(a) To fulfill all overview and scrutiny functions in relation to the discharge by responsible authorities of their crime and disorder function as set out in Sections 19 and 20 Police & Justice Act 2006, as amended from time to time, and all other relevant legislation. This shall include the power:

(i) to review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge by responsible authorities of their crime and disorder function,

(ii) to make reports or recommendations to the local authority or the executive with respect to the discharge of those functions; and

(iii) to make reports and/or recommendations to the local authority with respect to any matter which is a local crime and disorder matter in relation to a member of the authority. A local crime and disorder matter in relation to a member means a matter concerning crime and disorder (including, in particular, forms of crime and disorder involving anti-social behaviour or other behaviour adversely affecting the environment), or the misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances, which affect all or part of the electoral area for which the member is elected or any person who lives or works there.

(b) make proposals to the Executive to promote equality of opportunity within the borough, including issues of discrimination based on race, ethnic origin, gender, disability, sexuality, age and/or class;

(c) to recommend to the Executive, the Council or an appropriate committee proposals for policy development in relation to equalities issues;

(d) to analyse policy options as necessary to inform the proposals to be made to the Executive or other appropriate committee;

(e) to advise the Executive or other committee on all matters relating to equality of opportunity both in terms of policy, service provision, employment and/or access to public services;

(f) to enhance and develop existing and innovative consultative and/or advisory work for equality of opportunity and to consider issues of inequality and discrimination across the borough;

(g) to consider and recommend to the Executive, ways in which participation by disadvantaged and under-represented sections of the community might be more effectively involved in the democratic processes of local government;

(h) to pilot methods of consultation and involvement and to report back to the Executive or appropriate committee on their effectiveness with recommendation if appropriate;

(i) to establish links with and liaise with external organisations in the borough which are concerned with the promotion of equality of opportunity.

(j) Overview & Scrutiny functions (excluding call-in) in relation to library provision.