

Pubs in Lewisham: An evidence base study

April 2012



















| 1. | INTRODUCTION | 3 |
|----|---|----|
| | BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE OF THE REPORT | 3 |
| | TYPES OF PUBS | 3 |
| | ISSUES ON ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION | 4 |
| | STRUCTURE OF REPORT | 4 |
| | | |
| 2. | REASONS FOR THE DECLINE OF THE LOCAL PUB | 6 |
| | Overview | 6 |
| | ECONOMIC IMPACT (NATIONAL AND REGIONAL) | 7 |
| | SOCIAL IMPACT | 7 |
| | HISTORIC AND ARCHITECTURAL IMPACT | 7 |
| | | |
| 3 | PLANNING POLICY REVIEW | 10 |
| | Introduction | 10 |
| | THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (USE CLASSES) ORDER 2010 | 10 |
| | THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT) ORDER | |
| | ARTICLE 4 DIRECTIONS | |
| | DEMOLITION OF BUILDINGS | 12 |
| | LISTED BUILDINGS | |
| | LOCALLY LISTED BUILDINGS | |
| | LOCALISM ACT 2011 | |
| | NATIONAL PLANNING POLICY FRAMEWORK (2012) | |
| | THE LONDON PLAN (2011) | |
| | LEWISHAM CORE STRATEGY (2011) | |
| | LEWISHAM UNITARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN (2004) | |
| | SUMMARY | |
| | | |
| 4. | PLANNING ISSUES FOR LEWISHAM | 18 |
| | GENERAL | 18 |
| | VIABILITY ISSUES | 18 |
| | ALTERNATIVE USES | 19 |
| | LIMITATIONS OF THE PLANNING SYSTEM | 19 |
| | | |
| 5. | DATA ON PUB CLOSURES | 21 |
| | NATIONAL PUB CLOSURE DATA | 21 |
| | LEWISHAM PUB CLOSURE DATA | 21 |
| | LISTED BUILDINGS IN LEWISHAM | 25 |
| | LOCAL LISTINGS IN LEWISHAM | 26 |
| | PUB LOCATIONS IN LEWISHAM | 26 |
| | | |
| 6. | CONCLUSIONS | 31 |
| | | |
| В | BLIOGRAPHY/REFERENCES | 35 |
| | | |
| Α | PPENDIX 1 EXISTING PUBS IN LEWISHAM 2011-12 | 36 |
| Α | PPENDIX 2 CLOSED PUBS IN LEWISHAM 2011-12 | 39 |
| Α | PPENDIX 3 EXISTING PUBS IN NEIGHBOURING BOROUGHS 2011-12 | 41 |
| Α | PPENDIX 4 PUBLIC HOUSE VIABILITY TEST | 43 |

1. Introduction

Background and purpose of the report

- 1.1 Public houses or pubs hold a special place in British society and culture. This is in part evidenced by the numerous reports and newspaper articles in recent years lamenting the 'loss of the pub'. Many of these reports refer to the important role the pub plays in society and local community life.
- 1.2 In recent years a number of individuals and organisations have raised issues about the loss of pubs with the Council. This has often been in connection with individual planning applications to demolish and redevelop local pubs. The Campaign for Real Ale (CAMRA) have also written to the Council to request that planning policy be introduced to help protect and save local pubs from redevelopment.
- 1.3 The Council adopted its Core Strategy, its principal planning policy document on 29th June 2011 and is now preparing a Development Management Development Plan Document (DMDPD) to set out more detailed planning policies. All planning policy documents need to justify their policies with adequate evidence. This report draws together information about public houses in Lewisham and the UK and provides the evidence base for any policy put forward in the DMDPD to address the loss of pubs. There is currently no specific policy.

Types of pubs

1.4 There is more than one type of pub. A recent report 'Pubs and Places: the social value of community pubs' (IPPR, January 2012 p.6) usefully categorises the 140,000 on licensed premises in the UK as follows:

| Town centre pubs, bars and clubs | These are often on a 'drinking circuit' and | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 16% (22,000) | many are owned by chains such as O'Neills, | |
| | Wetherspoons and Yate's | |
| Food-led pubs | These are outlets with a recognised brand, | |
| 7% (10,000) | with food as the primary focus or where food | |
| | is significant to overall sales, for example, | |
| | Beefeaters and Harvester | |
| Local and community pubs | Pubs that serve predominantly their local | |
| 29% (40,000) | residential community, although these can be | |
| | of different types, for example, family pubs, | |
| | student pubs, sports pubs or music pubs | |
| Licensed accommodation | A business whose main focus is overnight | |
| 11% (15,000) | stays or short holidays | |
| | | |
| Licensed restaurants | Restaurants with a licence to sell alcohol with | |
| 15% (21,000) | food | |
| | | |
| Sports, social and members clubs | Clubs that are licensed and operated for the | |
| 23% (32,000) | benefit primarily of their membership | |

1.5 As identified above, the local and community pub is the largest single category of pub type but it is not the only variety.

Issues on alcohol consumption

- 1.6 While the majority of comments about pubs have focused on the loss of the pub and the cultural, social, economic and environmental impact of this loss on the local community others have drawn attention to some negative impacts. These negative impacts relate more to alcohol consumption rather than the pub itself although there is a relationship.
- 1.7 The health issues associated with heavy drinking have been well documented. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) reported in November 2006 that the alcohol related death rate in the UK doubled from 4,144 deaths in 1991 to 8,386 deaths in 2005. A report in 2009 (The Telegraph, 28 January 2011) estimated that alcohol is responsible for about 20,000 deaths per year and costs the NHS about £3 billion every year. Alcohol also has an effect on judgement, concentration, reaction time, balance and vision and hence it is a major cause of accidents and crime. Some religions forbid the use of alcohol and others commonly abstain from drinking. The point about these issues is simply to provide a perspective that not everyone in our society is positive about drinking alcohol.

Structure of report

- 1.8 After this introduction the remainder of the report is structured as follows:
 - Section 2 provides a summary of reasons for the closure of pubs
 - Section 3 provides a policy review. This summarises the relevant statements relating to public houses contained in national, regional and local planning policy documents
 - Section 4 sets out the planning issues for Lewisham. This section summarises what the planning issues are and what the possible solutions might be
 - Section 5 sets out the relevant evidence concerning the loss of pubs from national and Lewisham specific data
 - Section 6 sets out the conclusions of this report and recommendations for policy formation in the DMDPD.



2. Reasons for the decline of the local pub

Overview

2.1 The decline of the public house is not a new phenomenon in fact the number of pubs peaked in 1869 and has been in decline ever since, (Paul Jennings, The local – A History of the English Pub,Tempus, 2007). There are a number of factors that have been suggested for the more recent decline in public house numbers. These have been listed in the IPPR's report *Pubs and Places: The social value of community pubs* (Muir 2008 p. 5-16). The reasons are included below.

The economic recession. Not surprisingly the health of the pub trade is linked to the health of the wider economy. The reduction in spending that goes with an economic recession is statistically linked with the decline in beer drinking.

CAMRA maintain that, particularly in areas of high land values, pub closure is not always the result of commercial failure of the pub but the attractiveness of the site for redevelopment, often for residential use.

Changes to communities. Despite a national rise in alcohol consumption over the past decade the pub has continued to decline. The IPPR report attributes the decline in part to changes in the composition of local communities over the past 50 years. In rural areas many villages no longer sustain local employment but have become commuter villages. In urban areas the decline of manufacturing employment and the break up of more traditional working class neighbourhoods is given as a reason.

Changes to taste and lifestyles. Beer consumption is an important component of pub sales and this has been in decline for at least the past 30 years as more people chose wine. The pub has also faced competition from other leisure pursuits such as eating out or the cinema and most importantly the shift towards drinking at home.

The ban on smoking in pubs is also suggested as a contributory factor in the recent decline. Although the IPPR report only found a weak positive correlation between rates of smoking and pub closure.

Prices and cost. One of the key factors lying behind the industry's economic problems was the predominant business model adopted by the large pub companies. The 'tied lease' model means that a publican who leases their pub from a pub company, generally has to buy all of their beer from that company, rather than directly from the brewery. This pushes up cost and makes it harder to make a profit.

Tax on beer is also considered an issue, as every government for the past 20 years has put up the tax on beer.

Economic impact (national and regional)

- 2.2 Oxford Economics were commissioned in November 2010 by the BBPA to estimate the local impact of the beer and pub trade. This study considers the impact of the British brewery sector, the pub sectors, and the proportion of hotels, restaurants and retail that is dependent on the sale of beer. It estimates the impacts of the beer and pub sector at Regional, Local Authority and Parliamentary Constituency Area across the UK. It shows that over 97,000 people in London (10% of the UK total) depend on beer and pubs for work. The beer and pub trade adds over £3.2 billion to the London economy every year (15% of the UK total). Nearly £2 billion in London wages (15% of the UK total) are dependent on the trade, each year. It is therefore a very important component of the London economy.
- 2.3 The 'Leisure wallet report', published by Zolfo Cooper on 31 August 2011, states that 46% of the 3,000 people surveyed in summer 2011 had reduced their spending on drinking in pubs and bars in the previous 12 months and 12% had increased it, a net drop of 34% nationally (The Times, 31 August 2011, p.38).
- 2.4 Pubs inject an average of £80,000 into their local economy each year. Pubs add more value to local economies than beer sold through shops and supermarkets, simply because they generate more jobs. Beer sold through pubs also generates more funding for the public purse than beer sold through the 'off trade' (IPPR p.2).

Social impact

- 2.5 There is some empirical evidence concerning the social role of the public house. Research for the IPPR report involved a national opinion poll asking where people 'meet and get together with others in their neighbourhood'. The result was that outside the home the pub scored the highest of any location with 36% of respondents saying this was the most important location.
- 2.6 Pubs often provide rooms for local organisations, groups and clubs to meet and this helps local communities and social networks to develop. They also have a long tradition of charity. The IPPR report estimates that the average pub raises around £3,000 a year for charitable causes. Pubs have a long history of involvement in politics, historically many radical societies and working class movements held their meeting in pubs.
- 2.7 HRH the Prince of Wales set up 'the pub is the hub' scheme in 2001 for rural pubs. This scheme encourages pubs and local people to work together to retain and enhance rural services such as the post office and local shop. This idea is now also extending into urban areas with pubs offering more services to their local communities.

Historic and architectural impact

2.8 Many pubs are historic buildings, some are Listed Buildings and others are on the Local List of historic assets. Details on Lewisham's listed pubs are set out later in this report.

- 2.9 Understanding how places change, what makes them distinctive and the significance of their history is the key to successful regeneration. English Heritage maintain that the historic environment is part of successful regeneration because it contributes to:
 - Investment: Historic places attract companies to locate, people to live, businesses to invest and tourists to visit. Market values in historic areas are often higher than elsewhere.
 - Sense of place: People enjoy living in historic places. There is often greater community cohesion.
 - Sustainability: Re-use of historic buildings minimises the exploitation of resources. There is evidence of lower maintenance costs for older houses.
 - Quality of life: The historic environment contributes to quality of life and enriches people's understanding of the diversity and changing nature of their community.



3 Planning policy review

Introduction

- 3.1 This section provides a review of the national, regional and local policies and strategies that impact on pubs in Lewisham. The purpose of the policy review is to understand what role planning policy can take in protecting pubs in the borough and ensure that the decision making process reflects wider objectives. The Council will draw on baseline evidence and local circumstances in the context of relevant policy advice to provide recommendation for intervention where appropriate.
- 3.2 The first part of this review concentrates on planning rules and regulations that set limits on any intervention. This involves a brief summary of the Use Classes Order; the General Permitted Development Order; Article 4 Directions and Listed Building regulations. The second part is a brief summary of the most relevant national, regional and local planning policy.

The Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 2010

- 3.3 The Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) places uses of land and buildings into various categories called Use Classes. A Use Class is a grouping together of similar land uses. Planning permission is not required when both the present and proposed uses fall within the same use class, or if the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (GPDO) says that a change of class is permitted to another specified class.
- 3.4 A pub is classified as an A4 use. The current system in Table 2.1 shows that a change of use from a pub (A4 use) to shops (A1 use), financial and professional services (Class A2) and restaurants and cafes (Class A3) can be made without requiring planning permission.

The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order

- 3.5 Permitted development rights under the GPDO means automatic planning permission rights are granted for certain types of development, subject to conditions and limitations provided for in Article 3, Schedule 2 of the GPDO 1995.
- 3.6 Permitted development rights operate by granting automatic planning permission to proposals that amount to development because it is a physical operation, or a material change of use, or both. A development will need to meet all the limits and conditions that are relevant in order to be permitted development; otherwise an application for planning permission will be required. The current planning system does not require any planning consent for those change of use from a pub to a shop, café or restaurant due to GPDO.

Table 3.1 Use Classes Order 1987 (Use Classes Order 1987 including amendments at 2005, 2006 and 2010)

| Use Class | Use/description of development | Permitted change |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| A1:Shops | The retail sale of goods to the public Shops, post offices, travel agencies & ticket agencies, hairdressers, funeral directors & undertakers, domestic hire shops, dry clearers, internet cafes, sandwich bars (where sandwiches or other cold food are to be consumed off premise) | No permitted change |
| A2: Financial & professional services | Financial services Banks, building societies, bureau de change. Professional services (other than health or medial services), estate agents & employment agencies. Other services which it is appropriate to provide in a shopping area. Betting shops (where the services are provided principally to visiting members of the public) | A1 If there is a ground floor display window |
| A3:Restaurants & cafes | Restaurants & cafes Places where the primary purposes is the sale and consumption of food and light refreshment on the premises - excludes internet cafes which are A1 | A1 or A2 |
| A4: Drinking establishments | Public house, wine bar or other drinking establishments – a premises where the primary purpose is the sale and consumption of alcoholic drinks on the premises | A1, A2 or A3 |
| A5: Hot food take-away | <u>Take-aways</u> – a premises where the primary purpose is the sale of hot food to take-away | A1, A2 or A3 |

Article 4 Directions

- 3.7 An Article 4 Direction can be issued by a local planning authority in certain circumstances. They remove permitted development rights, thereby necessitating a planning application to be made, which normally does not need one. It is usually applied over an area rather than an individual property and they are registered as a Local Land Charge. It is more commonly applied to conservation areas to ensure future development is in keeping with the area's character.
- 3.8 If a pub is located in an area with a relevant Article 4 Direction then planning permission is required for what is otherwise permitted by the Use Class Order or the GPDO.

Demolition of buildings

3.9 The rules on demolition have changed. A Court of Appeal ruling in March 2011 means all buildings will now require planning permission or prior approval for demolition. The Council will consider if the demolition project is likely to have significant environmental effects and issue a screening opinion if Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is required based on the Town and Country Planning (EIA) Regulations 2011. Previously only homes, listed buildings and buildings within conservation areas were affected. Now any factory, office, school, hospital or other commercial building will require approval. This will also apply to pubs.

Listed buildings

3.10 Listed buildings are listed by English Heritage for their special historical or architectural interest that require special protection. Once a building has been listed, planning permission is necessary for demolition, change of use or alterations. A number of pubs in Lewisham are listed (see Section 4).

Locally listed buildings

- 3.11 Local heritage assets can range from buildings, archaeology, designed landscapes and elements of the natural environment. Local listed buildings are different from the statutory listing (as above) as these local historic buildings may not meet the national criteria for statutory listing, but they add to the local distinctiveness of the borough, and so are protected under the Local List.
- 3.12 There is no specific statutory protection for locally listed buildings outside conservation areas, but the Council takes responsibility for the preservation of such heritage assets. Local listing status is a material consideration in the development management control process and the Council has planning policies to ensure an appropriate assessment is made when a planning application is lodged for a locally listed building.

Localism Act 2011

3.13 The Localism Act received Royal assent in November 2011 and it includes new rights

for local communities, including the Community Right to Buy and the Community Right to Challenge. Over the last decade, there have been closures of numerous community facilities and assets that bring members of the community together and from which key community services are delivered. According to the Valuation Office Agency Rating data, since 2002 an average of 8,743 pubs have failed in England every year.1

3.14 Under the Community Right to Buy, important local amenities and buildings - such as old town halls, community halls or the local shop or pub can be nominated for listing by the local authority as assets of community value. If listed assets come up for sale, communities like voluntary groups and social enterprises will have extra time to prepare a bid to take them over, making it easier to keep much-loved assets in public use and part of local life.

¹ Office of National Statistics release on Business Demography. The data contains the count of enterprise deaths of public houses for 2002-2007.

National Planning Policy Framework (2012)

- 3.15 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published on 27 March 2012 and came into effect immediately. The NPPF sets out the government planning policies for England and how they are expected to be applied. At the heart of the NPPF is a presumption in favour of sustainable development. The NPPF consolidates over 1,000 pages of planning guidance into a single 59-page document and must be taken into account in the preparation of local and neighbourhood plans. It is also a material consideration in the determination of planning applications.
- 3.16 Section 8 of the NPPF seeks to promote healthy communities. Paragraph 70 states:

To deliver the social, recreational and cultural facilities and services the community needs, planning policies and decisions should:

- plan positively for the provision and use of shared space, community facilities (such as local shops, meeting places, sports venues, cultural buildings, <u>public</u> <u>houses</u> and places of worship) and other local services to enhance the sustainability of communities and residential environments;
- guard against the unnecessary loss of valued facilities and services, particularly where this would reduce the community's ability to meet its day-to-day needs;
- ensure that established shops, facilities and services are able to develop and modernise in a way that is sustainable, and retained for the benefit of the community; and
- ensure an integrated approach to considering the location of housing, economic uses and community facilities and services.
- 3.17 Section 12 seeks to conserve and enhance the historic environment. Paragraph 126 states:

Local planning authorities should set out in their Local Plan a positive strategy for the conservation and enjoyment of the historic environment, including heritage assets most at risk through neglect, decay or other threats. In doing so, they should recognise that heritage assets are an irreplaceable resource and conserve them in a manner appropriate to their significance. In developing this strategy, local planning authorities should take into account:

- the desirability of sustaining and enhancing the significance of heritage assets and putting them to viable uses consistent with their conservation;
- the wider social, cultural, economic and environmental benefits that conservation of the historic environment can bring;
- the desirability of new development making a positive contribution to local character and distinctiveness; and
- opportunities to draw on the contribution made by the historic environment to the character of a place.

3.18 Paragraph 152 of the NPPF states:

Local planning authorities should seek opportunities to achieve each of the economic, social and environmental dimensions of sustainable development, and net gains across all three. Significant adverse impacts on any of these dimensions should be avoided and, wherever possible, alternative options which reduce or eliminate such impacts should be pursued. Where adverse impacts are unavoidable, measures to mitigate the impact should be considered. Where adequate mitigation measures are not possible, compensatory measures may be appropriate.

3.19 The NPPF means that Lewisham Council needs to ensure there is a balance between economic, social and environmental benefits in all development to formulate sustainable communities and achieve sustainable development. Historical assets, community facilities and services should also be protected and safeguarded except where local evidence shows that such protection and use are no longer feasible and viable, and where appropriate alternative uses and mitigation measures can bring positive contributions to the locality.

The London Plan (2011)

- 3.20 The London Plan forms part of the development plan in Lewisham, its policies can both justify Council planning policies and be used as reasons for determining planning decisions. The replacement London Plan came into force in July 2011.
- 3.21 Pubs are part of the social infrastructure of any sustainable community and as such policy 3.16 'protection and enhancement of social infrastructure' can be relevant to any planning decision. In part this policy states:

Proposals which would result in a loss of social infrastructure in areas of defined need for that type of social infrastructure without realistic proposals for reprovision should be resisted. The suitability of redundant social infrastructure premises for other forms of social infrastructure for which there is a defined need in the locality should be assessed before alternative developments are considered.

- 3.22 Other London Plan policies that might be relevant to planning applications affecting public houses include:
 - Policy 2.15: Town Centres
 - Policy 3.1: Ensuring equal life chances for all
 - Policy 4.1: Developing London's economy
 - Policy 4.6: Support For and enhancement of arts, culture, sport and entertainment provision
 - Policy 4.8: Supporting a successful and diverse retail sector
 - Policy 7.1: Building London's neighbourhoods and communities
 - Policy 7.4: Local character
 - Policy 7.8: Heritage assets and archaeology.

Lewisham Core Strategy (2011)

- 3.23 The Core Strategy is the Council's principal planning document and forms part of the borough's Local Plan as defined by the NPPF. The Core Strategy is used to assess and determine planning applications.
- 3.24 Core Strategy strategic objective 4 relates to economic activity and local businesses and is relevant to protecting pubs in that it seeks to invest in new and existing businesses to improve the physical environment for commercial enterprise and protect sustainable local shopping facilities and services.
- 3.25 Core Strategy strategic objective 10 relates to protecting and enhancing Lewisham's character. This includes ensuring high standards of design for new development as well as preserving or enhancing the condition and historic significance of the borough's heritage assets and their settings. This could include pub buildings which often have architectural merit.
- 3.26 Core Strategy strategic objective 11 relates to community well-being and is relevant in that the Council will promote and support measures that promote social inclusion and strengthen the quality of life and well being of new and existing residents. Part (c) also specifically mentions providing social infrastructure, which would include pubs.
- 3.27 Core Strategy Policy 19 specifically relates to the provision and maintenance of community and recreational facilities. This can apply to pubs. The policy states:
 - 1. The Council will work with its partners to ensure a range of health, education, community, leisure, arts, cultural, entertainment, sports and recreational facilities and services are provided, protected and enhanced across the borough. The work of the Lewisham Infrastructure Delivery Plan and the relevant corporate plans and strategies of partners will be used to inform provision.
 - 2. The Council will apply the London Plan policies relating to healthcare, education and community and recreational facilities to ensure:
 - a. there is no net loss of facilities
 - b. the needs of future populations arising from development are sufficiently provided for
 - c. the preferred location for new uses will be in areas that are easily accessible and located within close proximity of public transport, other community facilities and services and town and local centres
 - d. co-location of services and multi-use facilities are encouraged and supported a safe and secure environment is created and maintained.

Lewisham Unitary Development Plan (2004)

- 3.28 The following saved policies from the Unitary Development Plan (UDP) may be relevant to planning applications involving the loss of public houses.
 - URB 16 New Development, Changes of Use and Alterations to Buildings in Conservation Areas

- LCE1 Location of New and Improved Leisure, Community and Education Facilities
- LCE2 Existing Leisure and Community Facilities.

Summary

- 3.29 While pubs are generally included as a community and recreational facility, there is limited specific policy references to pubs. Under the current planning system, pubs can be converted into shops (A1 use), financial and professional services (A2 use), and restaurants and cafes (A3 use), without the need of applying for planning permission. In these instances the Council has no control in protecting a pub from being converted to another use.
- 3.30 The London Plan (2011) and the NPPF (2012) provide a stronger reference and assessment framework for pubs within national and regional planning policy. This then provides an opportunity for Lewisham to investigate a locally specific policy to address the issue of concern when planning permission is required to redevelop a pub.



4. Planning issues for Lewisham

General

- 4.1 The introduction of this report set out the distribution of pubs into categories of town centre pubs, bars and clubs; food-led pubs; local and community pubs; licensed accommodation; licensed restaurants; and sports, social and members clubs. This illustrates the variety of pubs available. (IPPR January 2012 p.6)
- 4.2 Town centre pubs clearly serve a useful planning function in contributing to the vitality and viability of the town centres and the economic and leisure offer available particularly for the 'night time' economy. Community pubs equally perform a variety of functions some of which relate to town planning functions. These include:
 - providing a community meeting place
 - enhancing community cohesion and
 - providing an economic role through jobs and expenditure.
- 4.3 Apart from the social and economic functions mentioned above planning has a particular interest in the physical and environmental impact of buildings and businesses. Many pubs are located in established areas and are often historic buildings with architectural merit. Some in Lewisham are listed buildings, others are locally listed and still others are interesting local landmarks.
- 4.4 The loss of pubs in Lewisham is documented in the Section 5. However, the reasons why it should be reflected in our planning policies are:
 - that a significant portion of the population believe the loss of pubs is harmful to the community
 - they perform a variety of social and economic functions
 - many pubs are of architectural merit and the heritage asset is worth preserving and protecting and
 - many pubs are local landmarks and have a positive contribution in the local area.

Viability issues

- 4.5 Given that the loss of pubs is considered a planning issue it seems right to consider why there are so many closures and what might be done about this. The evidence on closure are set out in the next section but one issue raised by a number of commentators is that economic viability is a cause. If any business cannot make a profit at least over the medium term it will of course close. There is, however, speculation that some perfectly viable pubs have closed because of the value of the site for an alternative use such as residential is significantly higher and therefore redevelopment is an attractive option.
- 4.6 In order to understand the economic situation in the context of a planning application for change of use and or demolition and redevelopment, planning policy can request that an applicant provide details on economic viability of the current use. This has

- become common practice in relation to the provision of affordable housing and employment uses where an applicant argues the existing use is no longer viable.
- 4.7 Part of the evidence needed would be that realistic attempts have actually been made to market the existing use. The business should have been offered on the open market in a reasonable manner, that is, advertised in places where those interested might reasonably expect to encounter the advert. The price or rent should also be at a level prevailing in the area generally so an artificial price is not asked in order to put off potential buyers. The marketing should also take place over a reasonable time period to allow interested parties to express an interest.

Alternative uses

4.8 If for planning reasons a pub business is no longer economically viable it may still be the case that the building is worth preserving due to its architectural merit or that one or more of the facilities on offer should be continued in the new use. The building may, for example, be of historic interest or provide useful community meeting places.

Limitations of the planning system

4.9 The current planning system is unable to provide sufficient protection to pubs under the GDPO as planning permission is not required for pubs to be changed into shops, financial and professional services and restaurants and cafes. If any change of use would require planning permission and a sound economic viability assessment, provides evidence that the business is no longer viable then there will be limited scope for the local planning authority to protect the pub from a change of use, alteration, conversion, demolition and redevelopment.



5. Data on pub closures

National pub closure data

- 5.1 The numerous reports in newspapers make it clear all is not well with the pub trade. According to the BBPA there were around 59,000 pubs operating in Britain in 2004, compared to around 55,000 in 2009 (BBPA 2010). The IPPR report says in total 1,300 pubs closed in 2010, down from the 2,365 pubs that closed in 2009. Pubs were closing at a rate of 16 a week in the second half of 2011, down on the 52-a-week peak closure rate in the first half of 2009. Although these latest figures have fallen, closures remain at historically high levels.
- 5.2 Community pubs serving their local residential community appear to have been hit the hardest. The British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA) estimated that suburban pub closures in the last six months of 2008 were running at 19 a week, compared to eight a week for town centre pubs and 13 a week for rural pubs (BBPA 2009).

Lewisham pub closure data

- 5.3 Local members of CAMRA (the Campaign for Real Ale) and local amenity societies have written to the Council to express concern about the loss of pubs in the borough over the past few years.
- 5.4 Local data shows that Lewisham is experiencing a similar trend in lost pubs when compared to the UK as a whole. There were 115 pubs in Lewisham in 2006, and by 2011 this had reduced to 92 a loss of 23 pubs or 20% in the last five years (LB Lewisham, alcohol licensing information 2006 2011).
- 5.5 The council monitors all planning permissions granted by use class as part of the London Development Database. Pubs fall into the A4 Use Class 'Drinking Establishments'. Table 5.1 shows that between 2001 and 2011 there were 31 A4 uses lost and 3 gained. The net result is a loss of 29 pubs in the past 10 years. This was the result of planning permission being granted for a change of use or demolition and replacement with other uses. Note that the following pub closure data does not include any pub loss under the GDPO as planning permission is not required.

Table 5.1 Pub losses and gains 2001 to 2011

| Ward | Loss | Gain | Net Loss |
|------------------|------|------|----------|
| Lewisham Central | 7 | 1 | 6 |
| New Cross | 5 | 1 | 4 |
| Brockley | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Telegraph Hill | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Rushey Green | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Ladywell | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Evelyn | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Bellingham | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Blackheath | 1 | 0 | 1 |

| Ward | Loss | Gain | Net Loss |
|--------------|------|------|----------|
| Crofton Park | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Whitefoot | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Sydenham | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Forest Hill | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 31 | 3 | 29 |

Source: London Development Database 2011

5.6 Table 5.2 shows that there were six approved new development schemes in Lewisham that have incorporated a new pub (A4 use) between 2001 and 2011.

Table 5.2 New development with pub (A4) floorspace approved, 2001 to 2011

| No. | No. Address Proposal details | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Lewisham Gateway Site, Lewisham | New development | | | |
| | High Street, SE13 | Provide up to 4,000 m² restaurants & | | | |
| | (Planning Ref: 06/62375) | cafés and drinking establishments | | | |
| 2 | 325 - 327 New Cross Road | Change of use: from retail to drinking | | | |
| | (Planning Ref: 06/62756) | establishment (375 m²) | | | |
| 3 | 1 - 3 Brockley Rise, SE23 1JG | Change of use | | | |
| | (Planning Ref: 07/64478) | Provide drinking establishment (340 m²) | | | |
| 4 | 278-280 Kirkdale, SE26 4RS | Demolition | | | |
| | (Planning Ref: 07/66511 and 10/75060 | Provide 264m² drinking establishment and | | | |
| | for renewal) | 7 one bedroom flats | | | |
| 5 | Fox and Hounds Public House (275 sq | Demolition | | | |
| | m), part of 1-21 Wynne & 1-12 Bower | Provide 361 m² of A1/A2/A3/A4/D1 use | | | |
| | House, 58-60 Besson Street, SE14 5AS | and 173 residential units | | | |
| | (Planning Ref: 08/68448) | | | | |
| 6 | Site of Greyhound Public House, 309 | Partial demolition | | | |
| | Kirkdale, SE26 4QB | Provide drinking establishment (286 m²) | | | |
| | (Planning Ref: 09/72790) | and 40 residential units | | | |
| | Total area of new pub use: 3,265 m ² | | | | |

Source: London Development Database 2011

5.7 Table 5.3 shows that there are 34 new approved development schemes that are leading to pub losses due to alternation, conversion and demolition, mostly for residential and mixed use development.

Table 5.3 New development with pub (A4) floorspace losses, 2001 to 2011 Loss of A4 Use

| No. | Address | Proposal details |
|-----|---|---|
| 1 | The Centurion Public House, 1 Deptford | Alterations and conversion: pub (120 m²) |
| | Broadway, SE8 4 PA | Provide 6 one bedroom flats and a |
| | (Planning Ref: 01/48403) | bar/restaurant (A3 use) |
| 2 | The Sultan Public House, 14 Lee High | Demolition: pub (400 m²) |
| | Road, SE13 5QL | Provide a restaurant and 2 one bedroom |
| | (Planning Ref: 01/50275) | and 5 two bedroom flats |
| 3 | Former Coach House | Demolition: pub (86 m²) |
| | 76 Upper Brockley Road SE4 1ST | Provide 2 semi-detached two-storey two- |
| | (Planning Ref: 02/51204) | bedroom houses |
| 4 | The Angel Public House, 11 Loampit | Demolition: pub (300 m²) |
| | Hill, SE13 7TH (Planning Ref: | Provide 3 one bedroom and 6 two |
| | 02/51836) | bedroom flats |
| 5 | The Earl Of Beaconfield Public House, | Demolition: pub (600 m²) |
| | 66 Reculver Road SE6 | Provide 6 one bedroom & 2 two bedroom |
| | (Planning Ref: 02/52495) | flats |
| 6 | Dew Drop Inn, 72 Clifton Rise, SE14 | Alteration & conversion: pub(140m²) |
| | 6JW (Planning Ref: 03/52981) | Provide 2 two bedroom maisonettes and |
| | | 6 one bedroom flats |
| 7 | The Royal Oak Public House | Change of use: pub (265 m²) |
| | 45 Loampit Vale, SE13 7TF | Provide a gallery/public exhibition/ |
| | (Planning Ref: 03/53035) | meeting space (D1 use)and offices (B1 |
| | | use) |
| 8 | The Cranbrook, 65 Cranbrook Road, | Change of use, alteration and conversion: |
| | SE8 4EJ | pub's 1/F function room (110 m²) |
| | (Planning Ref: 03/54193) | Provide a 3 bedroom flat |
| 9 | Maypole Inn, 1 Mantle Road, SE4 2DU | Demolition: pub (200 m²) |
| | (Planning Ref: 06/62027) | Construct 7 one bedroom, 3 two bedroom |
| | | and 1 studio |
| 10 | Duke of Albany Public House, 39 | Alteration, conversion and partial |
| | Monson Road, SE14 5EQ | demolition: pub (597 m²) |
| | (Planning Ref: 06/64813) | Provide 1 one bedroom, 3 two bedroom |
| | | flats and 3 two bedroom maisonettes |
| 11 | The Duke Public House, 104 Wells Park | Demolition: pub (139 m²) |
| | Road, SE26 6JJ | Provide 7 two bedroom, 1 three bedroom |
| | (Planning Ref: 07/64838) | flats and 1 two bedroom maisonette |
| 12 | Place House Tavern, 18-20 Catford Hill, | Change of use, alteration and conversion: |
| | SE6 4PX | pub (410 m²) |
| | (Planning Ref: 07/65150) | Provide a commercial unit (Use Classes |
| | | A1/A2/B1) and 6 one bedroom, 2 two |
| | | bedroom and 1 studio |
| 13 | Crown & Anchor Public House, | Conversion & alteration: pub (200 m²) |
| | 43 Brookbank Road | Provide 5 two bedroom and 2 three |
| | (Planning Ref: 07/65433) | bedroom flats |

| No. | Address | Proposal details |
|-----|--|---|
| 14 | Royal Archer Public House, 1 Egmont Street (Planning Ref: 07/65647) | Change of use, alteration and conversion: pub (350 m²) Provide 2 one bedroom and 2 two bedroom flats and 3 two bedroom maisonettes |
| 15 | Former Tiger's Head Public House, 350-352 Bromley Road, SE6 2RZ (Planning Ref: 07/66009) | Demolition: pub (1,140 m²) Provide 8 one bedroom and 30 two bedroom flats and 3 three bedroom houses |
| 16 | Duke Of Edinburgh Public House, 81 Malpas Road, SE4 1BN (Planning Ref: 07/66212) | Change of use, alteration and conversion: pub (318 m²) Provide 10 one bedroom and 1 two bedroom flats |
| 17 | The Rutland Arms Public House, 55 Perry Hill, SE6 4LF (Planning Ref: 07/66814) | Alteration and conversion: pub (1,130 m²) Provide A4 use one bedroom and 5 two bedroom flats and 1 one bedroom dwelling house |
| 18 | The Queen's Arms Public House, 63 Courthill Road, SE13 6DW (Planning Ref: 07/67721) | Change of use, alteration and conversion: pub (150 m²) Provide 1 two bedroom maisonette, 1 one bedroom, 2 two bedroom and 1 studio |
| 19 | Crown and Sceptre Public House 92 Friendly Street, SE8 4DR (Planning Ref: 08/68380) | Change of use, alteration and conversion: the pub (447 m²) Provide 4, two bedroom flats and 1 three bedroom maisonette |
| 20 | The Crown, 49, Tranquil Vale, SE3 0BS (Planning Ref: 08/68434) | Conversion of the existing storage building (100 m²) Provide a two bedroom mews house |
| 21 | Sir John Morden Public House, 62 Campshill Road, SE13 6QT (Planning Ref: 08/68486) | Change of use, alteration and conversion: pub (120 m²) Provide 1 two bedroom maisonette |
| 22 | Lewisham Trades Club, 170-172 Hither Green Lane, SE13 6QA (Planning Ref: 08/69386) | The alteration and conversion: (160 m²) Provide 9 one bedroom flats |
| 23 | The George Public House, 1 Rushey Green, SE6 4AS (Planning Ref: 08/69940) | Demolition: pub (805 m²) Provide 2 commercial units (A1/A2/A3 use classes) and 35 residential units |
| 24 | The Walpole Hotel, 403-407 New Cross Road, SE14 6LA (Planning Ref: 08/70131) | Demolition: (105 m²) Provide a 60 bedroom hotel |
| 25 | 6 Lanier Road, SE13 6HU (Planning Ref: 08/70394) | Alteration and conversion: pub (160 m²) Provide 6 one bedroom flats |
| 26 | The Talbot Public House, Tyrwhitt Road, SE14 1QG (Planning Ref: 09/72239) | The alteration, conversion and change of use: pub (111 m²) Provide a three bedroom house |

| No. | Address | Proposal details | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 27 | The Navy Arms, New King Street, SE8 3JE (Planning Ref: 09/72580) | Change of use and conversion: pub (82 m²) Provide a two bedroom self contained flat and home office | | | |
| 28 | The George Public House, Rushey Green, SE6 4AS (Planning Ref: 09/72635) | Demolition: pub (943 m²) Provide a commercial unit at ground floor level for A1/A2/A3 use class purposes and 33 residential units | | | |
| 29 | Site of Greyhound Public House, 309 Kirkdale, SE26 4QB (Planning Ref: 09/72790) | Partial demolition: pub (1,061 m²) Create 286 m² A3/A4 unit 40 residential units with commercial uses (Class A1, A3 and A4) | | | |
| 30 | Site of Tiger Head Public House, 350- 352 Bromley Road, SE6 2RP (Planning Ref: 09/72980) | Demolition: pub (1,127 m²) Provide 36 residential units | | | |
| 31 | Spotted Cow Public House, 104 Hither Green Lane, SE13 6QA (Planning Ref: 10/73624) | Demolition: pub (120 m²) Provide 18 residential units | | | |
| 32 | Rising Sun Public House, 88 Rushey Green, SE6 4HW (Planning Ref: 10/74455) | Demolition: pub (500 m²) Provide 24 residential units with 540 m² of commercial space (Use Class A1) | | | |
| 33 | Forest Hill Hotel, 41 Stanstead Road, SE23 1HG (Planning Ref: 10/75469) | Alteration and conversion: pub (263 m²) Provide 2 two-bedroom and 6 one-bedroom flats | | | |
| 34 | Former Maypole Public House, 1 Mantle Road, SE4 2DU (Planning Ref: 10/75723) | Demolished: pub (200 m²) Provide a commercial unit (A1) and 9 residential units | | | |
| | Total area of lost pubs: 12,402 sq.m | | | | |

Source: London Development Database 2011

Listed buildings in Lewisham

5.8 Lewisham has a large number of buildings that contribute significantly to its character and townscape. There are about 540 nationally-listed buildings, most of which are Grade II. Two listed buildings in the borough are Grade I and 35 listed buildings are Grade II*. The grades reflect their importance in nationwide terms although they all enjoy the same level of protection. Four pubs in Lewisham are classified as Grade II listed buildings as shown in Table 5.4.

Table 5.4 Grade II Listed Buildings in Lewisham

| Grade II Listed Buildings | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Pub Name | Address | | |
| 1. The Royal Albert Public House | 460 New Cross Road, SE14 6TJ | | |
| 2. The Five Bells Public House | 155 New Cross Road, SE14 5DJ | | |
| 3. Capitol Cinema - JD Whetherspoon (formerly | 11-15 London Road, Forest Hill, SE23 | | |
| Jasmine Bingo Hall) | | | |
| 4. The White Hart | 184 New Cross Road, SE14 5AA | | |

Source: English Heritage and LB Lewisham

Local listings in Lewisham

5.9 Local listing is different from the statutory listing as these local historic buildings may not meet the national criteria for statutory listing. However, they add to the local distinctiveness of the borough, and so are protected under the Local List. The Council has been compiling the Local List since the 1970s, when the Grade III listing classification was abolished. There are currently over 200 entries in this list which range from residential properties to public houses and stone boundary markers. The criteria for local listing adopted in January 2009 involve consideration of the **Historic Interest**, **Architectural Interest**, and **Age or Rarity**. Twelve pubs in Lewisham are locally listed, six of them are located in conservation areas as shown in Table 5.5.

Table 5.5 Locally listed buildings in Lewisham

| Pub | Address | Conservation Area |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Lord Northbrook | 116 Burnt Ash Road, SE12 8PU | Lee Manor |
| 2. The Bird's Nest (formerly | 32 Deptford Church Street, SE8 | No |
| Oxford Arms) | 4RZ | |
| 3. Bricklayers Arms | 189 Dartmouth Road, SE26 4QY | No |
| 4. Dartmouth Arms | 7 Dartmouth Road, SE23 3HN | Forest Hill |
| 5. Fox & Hounds | 150 Kirkdale, SE26 4BB | No |
| 6. The Greyhound | 313 Kirkdale, SE26 4QB | Cobb's Corner |
| 7. Skehans (formerly Duke | 1 Kitto Road, SE14 5TW | Telegraph Hill |
| of Albany) | | |
| 8. The Princess of Wales | 1A Montpelier Row, SE3 0RL | Blackheath |
| 9. Goose on the Green | 167 Rushey Green, SE6 4BD | No |
| (formerly Black Horse & | | |
| Harrow Pub) | | |
| 10. Railway Telegraph | 112 Stanstead Road, SE23 1BS | No |
| 11. The Crown Hotel | 49 Tranquil Vale, SE3 0BS | Blackheath |
| 12. The Baring Hall Hotel | 368 Baring Road, SE12 0DU | No |

Source: LB Lewisham

Pub locations in Lewisham

5.10 Map 5.1 shows the existing and closed pubs recorded in the last decade in Lewisham and those immediately over the borough boundary in the adjoining boroughs of Bromley, Greenwich and Southwark.

- 5.11 The map shows that most of the existing pubs are located in the north of the borough and that there are groupings along the railway lines, the DLR and near bus stations. Many of the pubs are located along the strategic road network and are generally within easy access by public transport and walking for many residents.
- 5.12 The pubs that have closed in the last decade are also shown on the map. This shows some concentrations in the north of the borough and other closed pubs are scattered in different parts of the borough. Many of the closed pubs have been redeveloped for residential use.
- 5.13 Map 5.2 shows the catchment area of each existing pub as a straight line distance of 400 metre and 800 metre radius from the pub. Lewisham residents can use other pubs in the neighbouring boroughs and this is why they are shown on the catchment map. The locations of the borough without pubs are found in the south east part of the borough, particularly in Catford South, Whitefoot, Grove Park, Downham and Bellingham wards. This can be explained by a number of housing estates built between the First and Second World Wars funded by central government and constructed under the auspices of the London County Council. The Corbett Estate, the Bellingham Estate, the Forster Estate, the Culverley Estate were developed to help alleviate the chronic shortage of housing in London and provide better housing for those who had lived in slums. The housing in these areas were developed by a social reformer and Scottish MP Archibald Cameron Corvett who had Quaker origins and hence, the Corbett Estate was devoid of public houses.
- 5.14 Table 5.6 shows that there are 92 pubs operating in Lewisham whilst 53 pubs were closed meaning that over 36% of total pubs were lost in the last decade. The following wards faced more pub losses in the last decade Whitefoot (100%), Evelyn (76%), Telegraph Hill (71.4%), Downham (66.7%) and Rushey Green (55.5%). It is noted that Whitefoot is the only ward in Lewisham that has no pub serving the local communities and the current pub catchment area is very low. It can be explained by the recent closures of the Tiger's Head and the Green Man on Bromley Road. Downham and Catford South wards both have only 1 pub serving the areas.

Table 5.6 Number of pubs in Lewisham, 2001-11

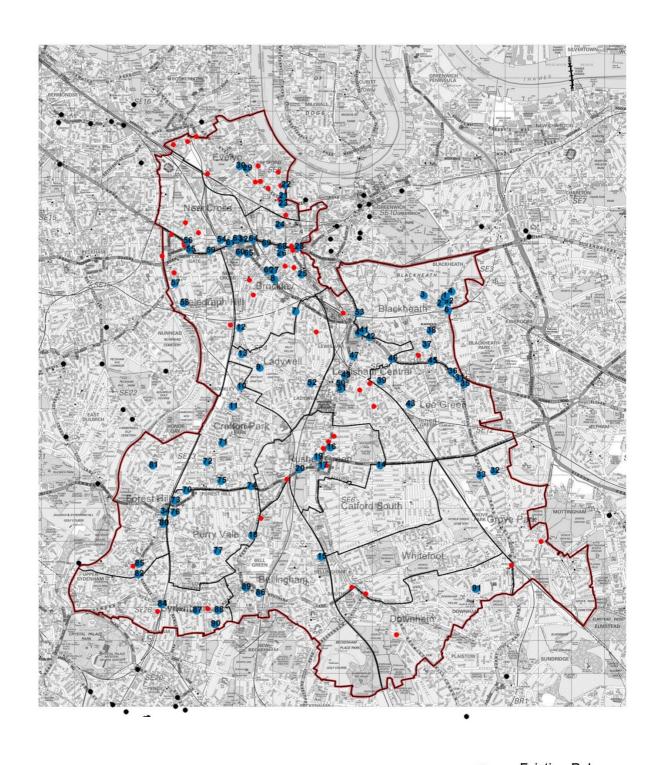
| Wards | Existing | Closed | Pubs Loss |
|------------------|----------|--------|-----------|
| Whitefoot | 0 | 2 | 100% |
| Evelyn | 5 | 16 | 76% |
| Telegraph Hill | 2 | 5 | 71.4% |
| Downham | 1 | 2 | 66.7% |
| Rushey Green | 4 | 5 | 55.5% |
| Lewisham Central | 7 | 5 | 41.6% |
| Grove Park | 2 | 1 | 33.3% |
| Sydenham | 5 | 2 | 28.5% |
| New Cross | 15 | 6 | 28.5% |
| Brockley | 11 | 4 | 26.7% |
| Ladywell | 3 | 1 | 25% |

| Bellingham | 3 | 1 | 25% |
|---------------|----|----|-------|
| Crofton Park | 6 | 1 | 14.3% |
| Forest Hill | 7 | 1 | 12.5% |
| Blackheath | 12 | 1 | 7.7% |
| Catford South | 1 | 0 | 0% |
| Lee Green | 3 | 0 | 0% |
| Perry Vale | 5 | 0 | 0% |
| Total | 92 | 53 | 36.6% |

5.15 A list of existing and closed pubs in Lewisham in 2011 can be found in Appendix 1 and 2 respectively. The existing pubs in neighbouring boroughs in 2011 are listed in Appendix 3.

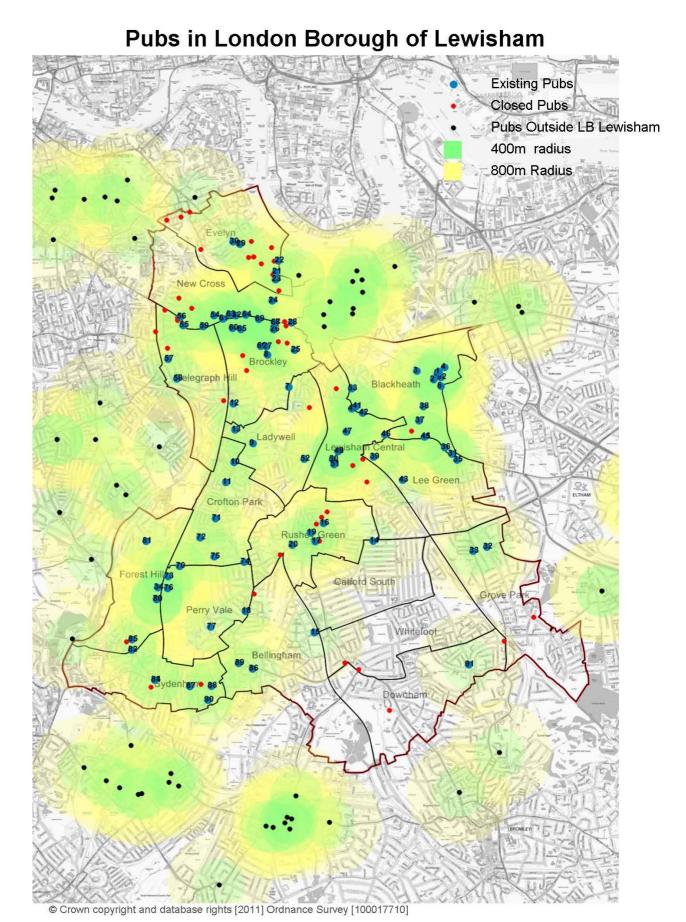
Map 5.1 Current pubs and closed pubs in Lewisham in 2011

Pubs in London Borough of Lewisham



- Existing Pubs
- Closed Pubs
- Pubs Outside LB Lewisham
- 400m radius 800m Radius
- © Crown copyright and database rights [2011] Ordnance Survey [100017710]

Map 5.2 Current pubs and closed pubs in Lewisham in 2011





6. Conclusions

- The Council recognises the need to manage the trend in the decline of pubs and the impact this can have on local communities and the character of areas posed by their redevelopment, demolition and change of use. It is the Council's opinion that a well managed pub can provide a social focus for the local community, a place to meet, either informally or as part of a local group, often supporting local activities and sporting clubs, providing entertainment in addition to food and drink.
- 6.2 In the last 20 years, the borough has lost at least 75 traditional pubs, which represents 45% of the current number of pubs and licensed bars in the borough. Initially these losses were due to the contraction in demand for A4 use (drinking establishments) and particularly affected areas outside town centres and locations with low footfall. In recent years, the losses have been due to the high demand for residential land in the borough
- 6.3 Planning policy can legitimately take into account the need to protect facilities and buildings that are of importance to the local community and this would include public houses. The purpose of planning policy is to ensure that viable pubs are not lost without the importance to the local community being fully taken into consideration in Lewisham.
- 6.4 The DMDPD can provide a planning policy mechanism to address the issues of concern relating to the loss of pubs to ensure an appropriate and proportionate assessment can be made when planning permission is required. It is recommended that the emerging DMDPD take into account the following matters when developing policy in relation to the protection of public houses:
 - 1. When planning permission is required, the change of use or the demolition of a public house will only be considered after an assessment of the following:
 - (a) What economic contribution was made by the pub and is the proposed use likely to make a similar or greater contribution? Does the redevelopment positively contribute to the regeneration objectives of the Core Strategy? Town centre pubs have a particular role in the vitality and viability of the centre. Is there another facility within easy walking distance of the pub that is proposed for redevelopment? It is suggested that 400-800m is considered easy walking distance.
 - (b) Has evidence on economic viability been provided as part of the planning application? Evidence on marketing the pub on the open market in a reasonable manner should be required. This should include evidence of the type of marketing; the literature used; the places where the marketing was advertised and the price that reflects similar market products. The marketing should have been for a period of not less than twelve months to reflect changing economic conditions.

- (c) The design and character of the public house and the significance of the contribution that it makes to the local townscape and where appropriate historic environment, and the impact the proposal will have on these features. Is the pub a listed building or locally listed or a historic asset? Is it located in a conservation area? What contribution does it make to the character of the local area and the sense of place?
- (d) The ability and appropriateness of the building and site to accommodate an alternative use or uses without the need for demolition.
- (e) The role the public house plays in the provision of space for community groups to meet and whether the loss of such space would contribute to a shortfall in provision, including evidence that the premises have been offered to use or to hire at a reasonable charge to community or voluntary organisations over a 12 month period and there is no demand for such use. Has an interested community group or organisation been invited to take over the pub and run it?
- 2. Where the evidence demonstrates that a public house is not viable, but where the building is assessed as making a significant contribution to the local townscape, the Council could seek to retain the building for alternative uses including residential, non-residential institutions (D1) and Assembly and Leisure (D2), as appropriate.



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Appendix 1 Existing pubs in Lewisham 2011-12

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|---|----------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | O'Neils | 52 Tranquil Vale | SE3 0BH |
| 2 | Crown | 49 Tranquil Vale | SE3 0BS |
| 3 | Hare & Billet | 1a Elliot Cottages | SE3 0QJ |
| 4 | Princess Of Wales | 1a Montpelier Row | SE3 0RL |
| 5 | Zero Degrees | 29-31 Montpelier Vale | SE3 0TJ |
| 6 | The Railway | 16 Blackheath Village | SE3 9LE |
| 7 | Talbot | 2-4 Trywhitt Road | SE4 1QG |
| 8 | Albertine's | 237 Lewisham Way | SE4 1UY |
| 9 | Mr Lawrence Wine Bar | 389 Brockley Road | SE4 1YS |
| 10 | Jam Circus | 330-332 Brockley Road | SE4 2BT |
| 11 | Brockley Jack | 408 - 410 Brockley Road | SE4 2DH |
| 12 | Brockley Barge | 184 Brockley Road | SE4 2RR |
| 13 | The Little Crown | 495 New Cross Road | SE4 6QT |
| 14 | Biz Bar | 226 - 228 Brownhill Road | SE6 1AT |
| 15 | Fellowship Inn | Randlesdown Road | SE6 3BT |
| 16 | London & Rye | 109 Rushey Green | SE6 4AF |
| 17 | Goose On The Green | 167 Rushey Green | SE6 4BD |
| 18 | The Perry Hill (formerly The Two Brewers) | 78-80 Perry Hill Catford | SE6 4EX |
| 19 | Catford Ram | 9 Winslade Way | SE6 4JU |
| 20 | Catford Bridge Tavern | Station Approach, Catford Bridge | SE6 4RE |
| 21 | Harp | 2-4 New King Street | SE8 3HS |
| 22 | Dog & Bell | 116 Prince Street | SE8 3JD |
| 23 | White Swan P.H | 217 Deptford High Street | SE8 3NT |
| 24 | The Albany | Douglas Way | SE8 4AG |
| 25 | Cranbrook | 65 Cranbrook Road | SE8 4EJ |
| 26 | Royal Standard | 86 Tanners Hill | SE8 4PN |
| 27 | Royal George | 85 Tanners Hill | SE8 4QD |
| 28 | Bird's Nest | 32 Deptford Church Street | SE8 4RZ |
| 29 | Black Horse | 195 Evelyn Street | SE8 5RE |
| 30 | Lord Palmerston | 81 Childers Street | SE8 5YR |
| 31 | The Duke Of Edinburgh | 394 Lee High Road | SE12 8RW |
| 32 | The Crown | 117 Burnt Ash Hill | SE12 0AJ |
| 33 | The Summerfield Tavern | 60 Baring Road | SE12 0PS |
| 34 | Hobgoblin | 7 Devonshire Road | SE23 3HE |
| 35 | Edmund Halley | 25-27 Lee Gate Centre | SE12 8RG |
| 36 | Old Tigers Head | 351 Lee High Road | SE12 8RU |
| 37 | Dacre Arms | 11 Kingswood Place | SE13 5BU |
| 38 | The Hansbury | 117 Courthill Road | SE13 5DQ |
| 39 | Holly Tree P.H | 32 Dermody Road | SE13 5HB |
| 40 | Dylan's | 66 Lewisham High Street | SE13 5JH |

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| 41 | Yates Wine Lodge | 65-71 Lewisham High Street | SE13 5JZ |
| 42 | One | 1 Lee High Road | SE13 5LD |
| 43 | The Station | 14 Staplehurst Road | SE13 5NB |
| 44 | The Swan P.H. | 207 Lee High Road | SE13 5PQ |
| 45 | The Woodman | 181 Lee High Road | SE13 5PQ |
| 46 | Dirty South | 162 Lee High Road | SE13 5PR |
| 47 | Watch House | 198-204 Lewisham High Street | SE13 6JP |
| 48 | Fox & Firkin | 316 Lewisham High Street | SE13 6JZ |
| 49 | Two 8 Six | 286 Lewisham High Street | SE13 6JZ |
| 50 | The Jolly Farmers | 354 Lewisham High Street | SE13 6LE |
| 51 | Ravensbourne Arms | 323 Lewisham High Street | SE13 6NR |
| 52 | Ladywell Tavern | 80 Ladywell Road | SE13 7HS |
| 53 | Anchor Inn | 165 Lewisham Road | SE13 7PY |
| 54 | The Montague Arms | 289 Queens Road | SE14 2JG |
| 55 | White Hart | 184 New Cross Road | SE14 5AA |
| 56 | Five Bells | 155 New Cross Road | SE14 5DJ |
| 57 | Earl Of Derby | 87 Dennetts Road | SE14 5LW |
| 58 | Skehans Free House | 1 Kitto Road | SE14 5TW |
| 59 | The Hobgoblin | 272 New Cross Road | SE14 5UL |
| 60 | Marquis Granby | 322 New Cross Road | SE14 6AE |
| 61 | New Cross Inn | 323 New Cross Road | SE14 6AS |
| 62 | The New Cross House | 316 New Cross Road | SE14 6AT |
| 63 | The Venue | 2a Clifton Rise | SE14 6JP |
| 64 | The Walpole | 407 New Cross Road | SE14 6LA |
| 65 | The Hardcastle | 44 Lewisham Way | SE14 6NP |
| 66 | Flower Of Kent | 135 Lewisham Way | SE14 6QP |
| 67 | Star & Garter | 490 New Cross Road | SE14 6TJ |
| 68 | Royal Albert | 460 New Cross Road | SE14 6TJ |
| 69 | Amersham Arms | 388 New Cross Road | SE14 6TY |
| 70 | Railway Telegraph | 112 Stanstead Road | SE23 1BS |
| 71 | Stone Bar | 68-70 Honor Oak Park | SE23 1DX |
| 72 | General Napier | 73 Bovill Road | SE23 1EX |
| 73 | Forest Hill Hotel | 41 Stanstead Road | SE23 1HG |
| 74 | Blythe Hill Tavern | 319 Stanstead Road | SE23 1JB |
| 75 | Honor Oak | St Germans Road | SE23 1RH |
| 76 | Foresters Arms | 53 Perry Vale | SE23 2NE |
| 77 | Prince of Wales | 52 Perry Rise | SE23 2QL |
| 78 | The Dartmouth Arms | 7 Dartmouth Road | SE23 3HN |
| 79 | Question Bar | 45-47 Dartmouth Road | SE23 3HN |
| 80 | Bird in Hand | 35 Dartmouth Road | SE23 3HN |
| 81 | Sylvan Post | 24-28 Darmouth Road, Forest Hill | SE23 3XZ |
| 82 | Fox's | 150 Kirkdale | SE26 4BB |
| 83 | Railway Tavern | 325 Kirkdale Road | SE26 4QB |
| 84 | The Greyhound | 313, Kirkdale, Sydenham | SE26 4QB |
| 85 | Bricklayer Arms | 189 Dartmouth Road | SE26 4QY |

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|-----------------|---------------------|----------|
| 86 | Railway Tavern | 410 Southend Lane | SE26 5BH |
| 87 | The Dolphin | 121 Sydenham Road | SE26 5HB |
| 88 | The Alfred | 178 Sydenham Road | SE26 5RP |
| 89 | The Bell | 59 Bell Green | SE26 5SJ |
| 90 | The Golden Lion | 116 Sydenham Road | SE26 5ZX |
| 91 | Downham Tavern | Downham Way | BR1 5HS |
| 92 | Cave Austin | 7-9 Montpelier Vale | SE3 0TA |

Source: Licensing and Planning Service, LB Lewisham

Appendix 2 Closed pubs in Lewisham 2011-12

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Duke of Edinburgh | 81 Malpas Road | SE4 1BN |
| 2 | The Talbot | 2-4 Tyrwhitt Road | SE4 1QG |
| 3 | Lord Wolseley | 76 Upper Brockley Road | SE4 1ST |
| 4 | Maypole Inn | 1 Mantle Road | SE4 2DU |
| 5 | The Saxon Tavern | Southend Lane | SE6 2DD |
| 6 | Tiger's Head | 350-352 Bromley Road | SE6 2RP |
| 7 | Green Man | 355 Bromley Road | SE6 2RP |
| 8 | The George | 1 Rushey Green | SE6 4AS |
| 9 | Rising Sun | 88 Rushey Green | SE6 4HW |
| 10 | Plough & Harrow | 62-66 Rushey Green | SE6 4JD |
| 11 | The Rutland Arms | 55 Perry Hill | SE6 4LF |
| 12 | Place House Tavern | 18-20 Catford Hill | SE6 4PX |
| 13 | The Princess of Wales | 88 Grove Street | SE8 3AA |
| 14 | Osborne Arms | 14 New King Street | SE8 3HS |
| 15 | The Navy Arms | 60 New King Street | SE8 3JE |
| 16 | The Windsor Castle | 161-163 Deptford High Street | SE8 3NN |
| 17 | The Noah's Ark | 229 Deptford High Street | SE8 3NT |
| 18 | The Bear | 154 Deptford High Street | SE8 3PQ |
| 19 | The Pilot | 174 Deptford High Street | SE8 3PR |
| 20 | Crown and Sceptre | 92 Friendly Street | SE8 4DR |
| 21 | Prince Alfred | 44 Albyn Road | SE8 4EF |
| 22 | The Centurian | 2 Deptford High Street | SE8 4PA |
| 23 | The Dover Castle | 7 Deptford Broadway | SE8 4PA |
| 24 | The Fountain | 36 Deptford Broadway | SE8 4PQ |
| 25 | The Woodman | Bestwood Street | SE8 5AW |
| 26 | The Mansion House | 204 Evelyn Street | SE8 5BZ |
| 27 | The Rose of Kent | 156 Trundley's Road | SE8 5JL |
| 28 | The Mechanic's Arms | 124-126 Deptford High Street | SE8 5QL |
| 29 | The Globe | 321 Evelyn Street | SE8 5QX |
| 30 | The John Evelyn | 299 Evelyn Street | SE8 5RA |
| 31 | John Evelyn | 299 Evelyn Street | SE8 5RA |
| 32 | The Grove Park Tavern | 21 Marvels Lane | SE12 9PD |
| 33 | Merchant Taylors Almshouses | Brandram Road | SE13 5RX |
| 34 | The Queen's Arms | 63 Courthill Road | SE13 6DW |
| 35 | Spotted Cow | 104 Hither Green Lane | SE13 6QA |
| 36 | Sir John Morden | 62 Campshill Road | SE13 6QT |
| 37 | Crown and Anchor | 43 Brookbank Road | SE13 7BX |
| 38 | Market Tavern | 139-141 Lewisham High Street | SE13 7PY |
| 39 | The Mid Kent Tavern | 4 Junction Approach | SE13 7RY |
| 40 | The Fox and Hounds | 58 Besson Street | SE14 5AS |
| 41 | Hatcham Arms | 92 New Cross Road | SE14 5BA |

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|--------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 42 | The Fox | 62 New Cross Road | SE14 5BD |
| 43 | The Coach and Horses | 125 Pomeroy Street | SE14 5BT |
| 44 | Duke of Albany | 39 Monson Road | SE14 5EQ |
| 45 | Rising Sun | 69 Dennetts Road | SE14 5LF |
| 46 | Royal Archer | 1 Egmont Street | SE14 5QW |
| 47 | Baron's Arms | 23 Oldfield Grove | SE16 2NE |
| 48 | The Earl of Beaconsfield | 30 Alpine Road | SE16 2RP |
| 49 | The Woodman | 110 Kirkdale Road | SE26 4BG |
| 50 | Man of Kent | 173 Sydenham Road | SE26 5HF |
| 51 | The Garden Gate | Old Bromley Road | BR1 4JY |
| 52 | Two Half's | 42 Sydenham Road | SE26 6DW |
| 53 | Baring Hall Hotel | 368 Baring Road, Grove Park | SE12 0DU |

Source: Licensing and Planning Service, LB Lewisham

Appendix 3 Existing pubs in neighbouring boroughs 2011-12

London Borough of Southwark

| No | Pub Name | Address | Postcode |
|----|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| 1 | The Fort London | 131 Grange Road | SE1 3AL |
| 2 | The Lord Nelson | 386 Old Kent Road | SE1 5AA |
| 3 | The Claremont | 32 Dunton Road | SE1 5TJ |
| 4 | The Ivy House | 40 Stuart Road | SE15 3BE |
| 5 | The Rye | 31 Peckham Rye | SE15 3NX |
| 6 | The Stanley Arms | 418 Southwark Park Road | SE16 2ET |
| 7 | The Ancient Foresters | 282 Southwark Park Road | SE16 2HB |
| 8 | Prince of Wales | 19 Plough Way | SE16 2LS |
| 9 | The Bramcote Arms | Bramcote Grove | SE16 3BW |
| 10 | The Queen Victoria | 148 Southwark Park Road | SE16 3RP |
| 11 | Blue Anchor Pub | 251 Southwark Park Road | SE16 3TS |
| 12 | The Herne Tavern | 2 Forest Hill Road | SE22 0RR |
| 13 | The Forest Hill Tavern | 108 Forest Hill Road | SE22 0RS |
| 14 | The EDT | 1 Lordship Lane | SE22 8EW |
| 15 | The Bishop | 27 Lordship Lane | SE22 8EW |
| 16 | The Plough, East Dulwich | 381 Lordship Lane | SE22 8JJ |
| 17 | The Grove Tavern | 520 Lordship Lane | SE22 8LF |
| 18 | Clock House | 196A Peckham Rye | SE22 9QA |
| 19 | Dulwich Wood House | 39 Sydenham Hill | SE26 6RS |

Royal Borough of Greenwich

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|---------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Cave Austin | 7-9 Montpelier Vale | SE3 0TA |
| 2 | The Royal Standard | 44 Vanbrugh Park | SE3 7JQ |
| 3 | British Oak | 109 Old Dover Road | SE3 8SU |
| 4 | Sun in the Sands | 123 Shooters Hill Road | SE3 8UQ |
| 5 | The Duke | 125 Creek Road | SE8 3BU |
| 6 | Bankers Draft | 80 Eltham High Street | SE9 1BW |
| 7 | The Rising Sun | 189-191 Eltham High Street | SE9 1TS |
| 8 | The Beehive | 334-369 Footspray Rd | SE9 2EH |
| 9 | The Porcupine | 24 Mottingham Road | SE9 4QW |
| 10 | The Porcupine | 24 Mottingham Road | SE9 4QW |
| 11 | Park Tavern | 45 Passey Place | SE9 5DA |
| 12 | Old Post Office | 4 Passey Place | SE9 5DQ |
| 13 | Crown | 11 Court Yard | SE9 5PR |
| 14 | The Greenwich Union | 56 Royal Hill | SE10 8RT |
| 15 | The Rose & Crown | 1 Croom's Hill | SE10 8ER |
| 16 | Belushi's | 189 Greenwich High Road | SE10 8JA |

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|-------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| 17 | The Guildford | 55 Guildford Grove | SE10 8JY |
| 18 | The Mitre Hotel | 291 Greenwich High Road | SE10 8NA |
| 19 | The Hill | 89 Royal Hill | SE10 8SE |
| 20 | Ashburnham Arms | 25 Ashburnham Grove | SE10 8UH |
| 21 | The Coach | 13 Greenwich Market | SE10 9HZ |
| 22 | Kings Arms | 16 King William Walk | SE10 9JH |
| 23 | Plume of Feathers | 19 Park Vista | SE10 9LZ |

London Borough of Bromley

| No | Pub name | Address | Postcode |
|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Prince Frederick | 31 Nichol Lane | BR1 4DE |
| 2 | The Beech Tree | London Road | BR1 3RA |
| 3 | The George Inn in Beckenham | 111 High Street | BR3 1AG |
| 4 | The Goose in Beckenham | 205-213 High Street | BR3 1AH |
| 5 | Jolly Woodman | 9 Chancery Lane | BR3 1AN |
| 6 | O'Neill's Beckenham | 9 High Street | BR3 1AZ |
| 7 | The Bricklayers Arms | 237 High Street | BR3 1BN |
| 8 | Slug & Lettuce | 150-154 High Street | BR3 1EA |
| 9 | Coach & Horses | Burnhill Road, High Street | BR3 3LA |
| 10 | The Beckenham | 75 High Street | BR3 3RA |
| 11 | The Oak Hill | 90 Bromley Road | BR3 5NP |
| 12 | The Pawleyne Arms | 156 High Street | SE20 7EU |
| 13 | Moon & Stars | 164-166 High Street | SE20 7QS |
| 14 | Goldsmiths Arms | 3 Croydon Road | SE20 7TJ |
| 15 | Anerley Arms | 2 Ridsdale Road | SE20 8AB |
| 16 | The Thicket Tavern | 75 Anerley Road | SE20 8DQ |
| 17 | The Maple Tree | 52-54 Maple Road | SE20 8HE |
| 18 | Golden Lion | 61 Maple Road | SE20 8LA |
| 19 | Royal Oak | 2 Oakfield Road | SE20 8QT |
| 20 | Bridge House | 2 High Street | SE20 8RZ |

Appendix 4 Public House Viability Test

Public House Viability Test (adapted from CAMRA) Accessing Trade Potential²

Population

Location of the pub

No. of adults living within a mile radius (Lewisham: 400m and 800m)

Any development planned for the area? Industrial, residential, strategic projects

- Daytime working population

Visitor potential

- Is the pub in a well visited/popular location?
- Has the pub ever been included in any visitor or tourist guide? (Time Out London/ Lewisham Life)
- Does the pub act as a focus for community activities? Sports teams, social groups, local societies, community meetings, etc?

Competition

- How many pubs are there in the immediate vicinity?
- Does the pub, by its character, location, design, potentially cater for different groups of people from those of its nearest competitor(s)? If no, could the pub be developed to cater for different groups?

Flexibility of the site

- Does the pub/site have unused rooms or outbuildings that could be brought into use? Function rooms, store rooms?
- Is the site large enough to allow for building extensions?
- Have planning applications ever been submitted to extend/develop the pub building? if yes, when and what was the outcome?
- Has the pub been well maintained?

Public transport

- Is there a bus stop outside or near the pub and/or a rail station within easy walking distance?
 (PTAL level)
- How frequent is public transport in the area?
- How reliable is the public transport in the area?
- Has the pub made actual/potential customers aware of any public transport services available to/from it?
- Has the pub entered any favourable agreements with a local taxi firm?

Multiple use

- What is the extent of community facilities in the local area?

Source: Public House Viability Test, CAMRA http://www.camra.org.uk/viabilitytest

43

² Source: http://www.selcamra.org.uk/pubthreat.html